

Visualization of organs electromagnetic field And DNA

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Abstract –*The MMR System or “masse micro reconstruction” is a discovery that allows us to reproduce any organ from the capture of its energy, reproduction is the compiles copy of the organ by composite materials with a very high precision since it reproduce the organ in its ultra-cellular exactness details. The taken images of the composite materials are «Data Bank», since these images we can visualize the electromagnetic field of the organ associating the computer competition.*

1 Introduction

It's discoveries that allow us to visualize the electromagnetic field of organ through images. Classically it's impossible to see or visualize an electromagnetic field but it detected through specific equipment. With MMR system we can see an electromagnetic field as well as the broadcasting of electromagnetic wave and their period which actually unrealizable through technical means.

I put on your kind attention the images taken by the MMR system as well as routing of the whole procedure and you can judge the quality of such single images in the world.

2 Materials & Methods

Materials

The material is very simple, it consists of a composite materials also all equipment of a laboratory of physics and chemistry, a computer & digital camera.

- Sensors.
- Chemical Materials.
- Materials Physics.
- Composite Materials.

2.1 Methods

- The MMR2 make it possible to manufacture the organ in the composite materials through their emitted energy.
- The first step of manufacturing of the complete organ proceeds to taking photos from different angles of the composite and processing them by computer in the next step.

2.2 Theory & explanation

The cells, organs as well as DNA, issue a specific electromagnetic field, the heart cells have a proper electromagnetic field which different from the liver cells or the brain cells, the role of electromagnetic field of each cells or organ is doubled, it has role of protection against the exterior, and a attractive role for the necessary elements for her developments. The electromagnetic field has a very important role since it maintain the cells at its precise place with the other cells of the some type and prevent its migration towards the cells of other organs.

Let's take the example close organs, the heart cells are maintained by their electromagnetic field in the heart and prevent their migration towards the lungs, liver, the kidneys and the vice-verso, meanwhile electromagnetic field of the cells & organs attract the entities that are mandatory to its development and its survival. All this is just a theory since we have not brought the proof the existence of electromagnetic field of the organs.

The images obtained by the MMR system are «Data Bank», as we have already explained in our previous publication which includes all the information's proper to each organ; they are images which display the electromagnetic field of organs. Therefore we use a second technique that consist of visualize the electromagnetic field of organs as well as the broadcast the length wave.

the role of DNA electromagnetic field is different it has a protection role against the exterior environment for the first time, but to attract the role single entity that is RNA messenger.

I will try to make the compelling evidence to support this theory.

2.3 Process & technical :

The MMR2 system enable to visualize the electromagnetic field of the organs. since their facsimile composite material, which is the genuine copy of the organ, as it represents it in its ultra-microcopy, as already explained in my previous publications, the pictures taken by the composite materials are (data bank) precisely «encyclopedia of images » each image with accurate technique give us an accurate science (medicine, DNA, chemistry, physic....etc).

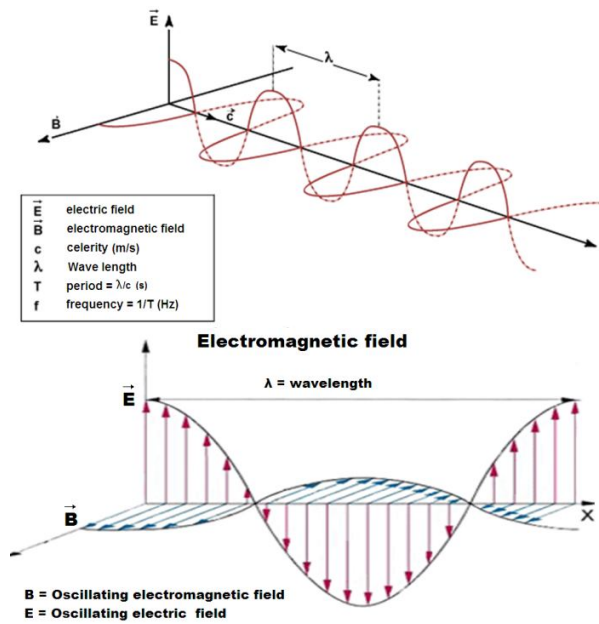
The second technique used illustrated in images the electromagnetic fields of oranges. An electromagnetic field cannot be observed but measured; the actual technology cannot visualize it in images.

An electromagnetic field is made with electromagnetic waves that are oscillation coupled with electric field (E) and magnetic field (M) that spread.

The electromagnetic radiation is made of two components

1. Wave length : distance between two crests called lambda (λ)
2. Frequency : number of oscillations per time unit measured in hertz

Donnant la formule : $c = \lambda \cdot f$



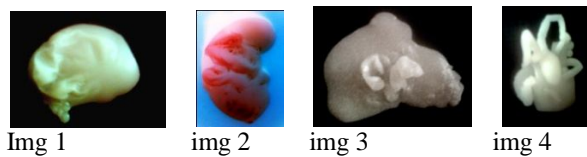
2.4 MMR system images

we take the pictures obtained by capturing of organ energy. and reproduced in composite material, in order show that these images are « data bank ».

The explored organs are:

- *The Brain
- * The kidney
- * The liver
- * The heart

The MMR2 systems provide us these organs in composite materials:



Img 1 : the brain in composit material
 img 2 : the kidney in composit material

img 3 : the liver in composit material
 img 4 : the heart in composit material

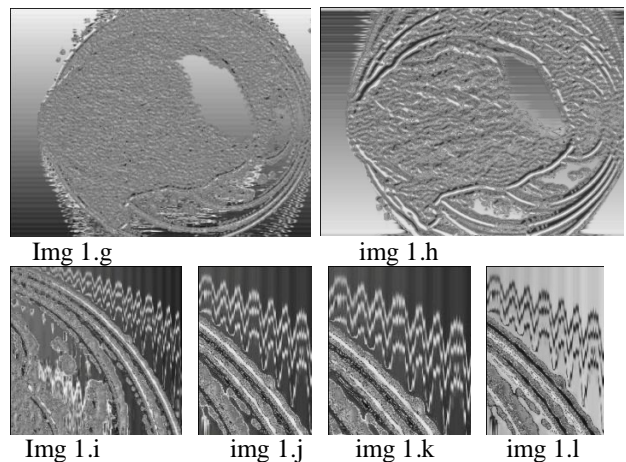
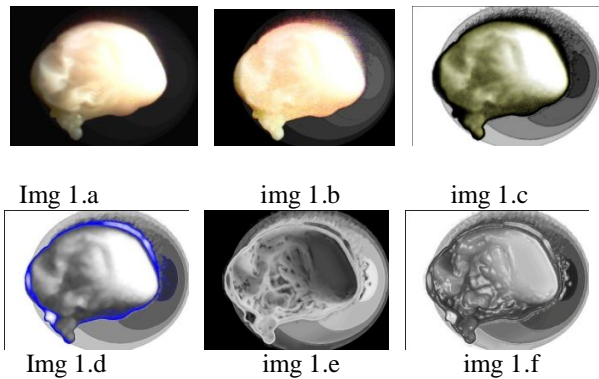
2.4.1 The Brain :

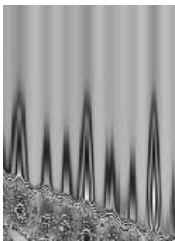
The human brain is composed of four zones.

Frontal, temporal, parietal and occipital, we can measure the electromagnetic activity of the brain by an electroencephalogram, that shows four types of cerebral waves, it's the brain activity that produce an electromagnetic oscillation that we measure with the EEG or electroencephalogram, these waves owns a weak amplitude, a short frequency and weak energy.

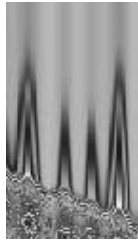
there are four types of cerebral waves as per the brain activity

- The Beta wave : of superior frequency higher than 12Hz and power of some microvolt's
- The Alpha wave : their frequency is between 8.5 and 12 Hz
- The Theta wave : frequency 4.5 between and 8 Hz
- The Delta wave : frequency 4 Hz primarily collected during the Dreams period.





Img 1.m

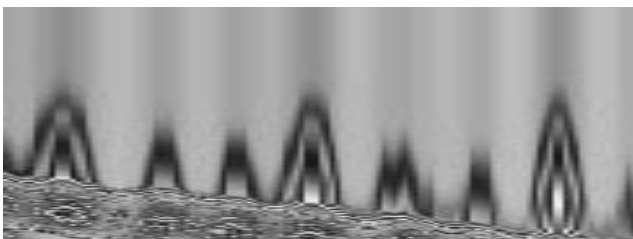


img 1.n

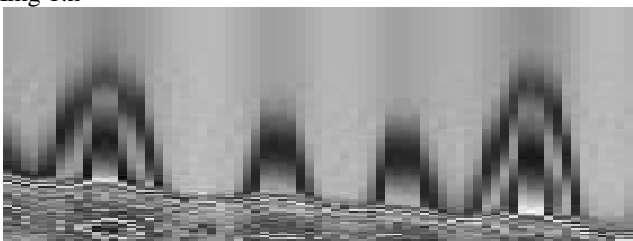
- Img 1.a : brain in composit material.
- Img 1.b : images illustrating the four fields electromagnetic of the brain.
- img 1.c : four field visible field.
- Img 1.d : delimitation of each field.
- img 1.e : four field visible.
- img 1.f : four field visible.
- Img 1.g : other image reflecting the electromagnetic field.
- img 1.h : electromagnetic field image.
- img 1.i : enlargement.
- img 1.j : enlargement.
- Img 1.k : wavelength of the field.
- img 1.l : electromagnetic wave.
- img 1.m : wavelength of the electromagnetic field.
- img 1.n : period of electromagnetic wave.

With M.M.R system we can see the electromagnetic fields of the brain, we remark that there are four fields; the first is Frontal, the second is temporal, the third is parietal and cover the frontal and the temporal, and the fourth occipital it cover all the others.

The images visualize the electromagnetic wave broadcasting we distinguish the wave period with a great clearness.



Img 1.n



Img 1.o

we note the broadcast of an electromagnetic wave in the image 1.n, with the periodic repetition of the wavelength observed in the image 1.o.

So the MMR system allows us to visualize the electromagnetic fields of the brain, it also allows us to visualize the emission of electromagnetic waves with a repetition period of the wave, we can easily identify the frequency and period, all it's visible in images that are real images, as opposed to their detection by an electroencephalograph which can only be measured.

2.4.2 The heart

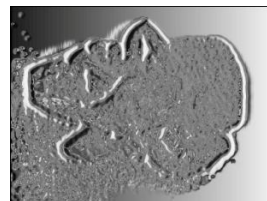
The heart have their own electromagnetic field, we know that the heart electrical activity measured by an electrocardiogram, the electrical current source is at a specific point called the sinus node at the top of the right atrium. This is a cluster of cells a few millimeters in diameter; these cells generate an electrical current of a few millivolts, that spreads through the bundles Purkinje Hys causing the ventricles to contract. This cardiac activity is measured and recorded on a electrocardiogram (ECG).



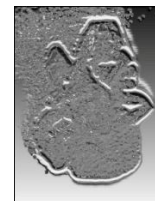
The MMR system allows us to visualize the heart's electromagnetic field in image, with the reading of electromagnetic wave period emitted.



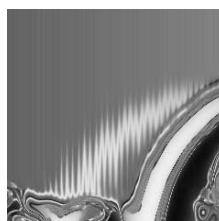
Img 2



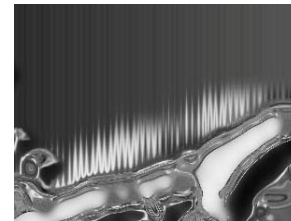
img 2.a



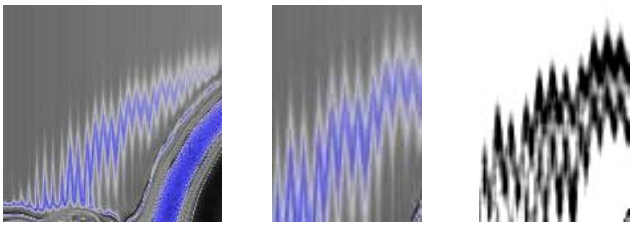
img 2.b



Img 2.c



img 2.d



Img 2.e

img 2.f

img 2.g

Img 2: Heart in composite materials

img 2.a: visualization of electromagnetic fields

img 2.b: enlargement

Img 2.c: electromagnetic waves

img 2.d: electromagnetic waves

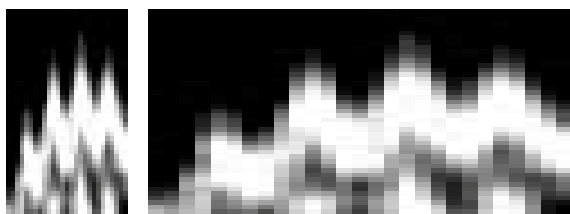
Img 2.e: visualizations electromagnetic waves

img 2.f: visualizations electromagnetic waves

img 2.g: electromagnetic waves



Img 2.h



img 2.i

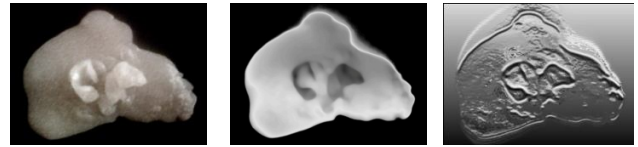
img 2.j

We can see into images the emission of electromagnetic waves, which is characterized by repeated periodic wave as we see identical in (img2.h), the periodic spreading is clearly displayed in (img2.i) & (img2.j).

2.4.3 The liver

The electrical activity of the brain and heart can be measured by a specific equipment, but the liver no physical or medical

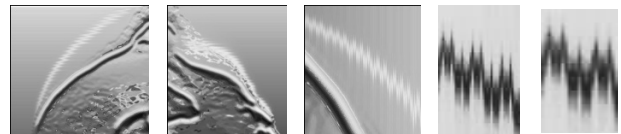
literature doesn't have equipment that can measure its electrical activity. The MMR system also allows us here to visualize the electromagnetic field of the liver as evidenced by the images.



Img 3

img 3.a

img 3.b



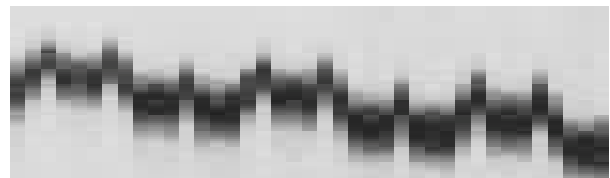
Img 3.c

img 3.d

img 3.e

img 3.f

img 3.g



Img: 3.h

Img 3: liver composite material

img 3.a: real liver reversed image

img 3.b: electromagnetic fields visible liver

img 3.c: emission of electromagnetic waves

img 3.d: emission of electromagnetic waves

img 3.e: electromagnetic waves

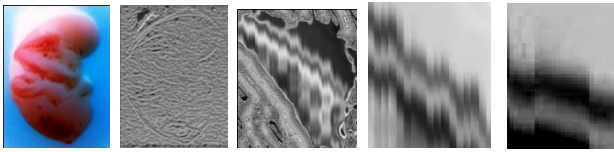
img 3.f: wave period

img 3.i: spreading of the previous image

We always see in images the electromagnetic waves emission characterized by repeated periodic wave characteristics as we see in the img3.f/g

2.4.4 The Kidney

The MMR system allows us to visualize the electromagnetic field of the kidney.



Img 4 img 4.a img 4.b img 4.c img 4.d



Img 4.e img 4.f

Img 4: kidney composite materials

img 4.a: visualization of electromagnetic fields

img 4.b : visible electromagnetic fields

img 4.c: visible electromagnetic fields

img 4.d: period of electromagnetic fields

Img 4.e: spreading of the period

img 4.f: spreading of the electromagnetic emission

We notice that each organ studied has one or more electromagnetic fields characterized by a specific period, a specific amplitude and electromagnetic wave length, through images we can easily see the repetition of waves and their frequency and their periods, indisputable evidence of the electromagnetic fields existence for each organ.

2.5 Theory

As a matter of fact, the organs broadcast an electromagnetic field, the cells also broadcast an electromagnetic field, the trace elements, the potassium, calcium, magnesium in the essential nutritive substance for the body each one of them broadcast a specific electromagnetic field, function of the electromagnetic field is to preserve its space from outside aggression and to attract what is essential for its nutrition and development, thus the electromagnetic fields of nutritive substance specific for precised organ is similar or equal to the organ electromagnetic field, so the substance is attracted and absorbed by the cells which is the opposite with a substance non specific from organ. In which the electromagnetic field is

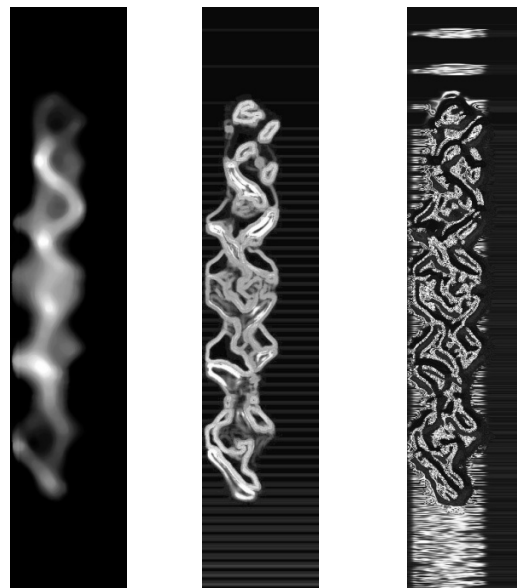
different from the organ, it is rejected by the field, as example the bones need calcium, the calcium molecule has the same electromagnetic field as the bone cells, it's absorbed by the bones cells through the osmosis phenomena and thus digested by the bone cells.

2.5.1 The DNA electromagnetic field

DNA or Deoxyribonucleic acid, consists of two long strands run in opposite directions to each other and are therefore twisted forming a DNA double helix.

The DNA broadcast electromagnetic field that acts as an isolator gate that allow only one element get in the DNA.

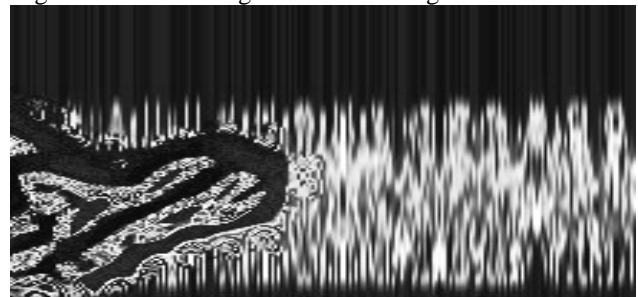
This element is the RNA which has an identic electromagnetic field as the DNA.



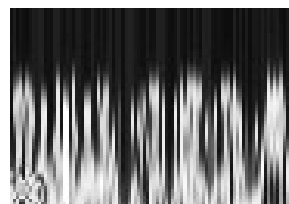
Img 5

iimg 5.a

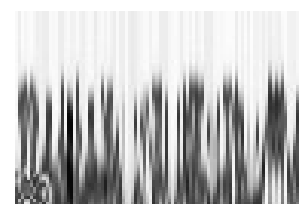
img 5.b



img 5.c



Img 5.d



img 5.e



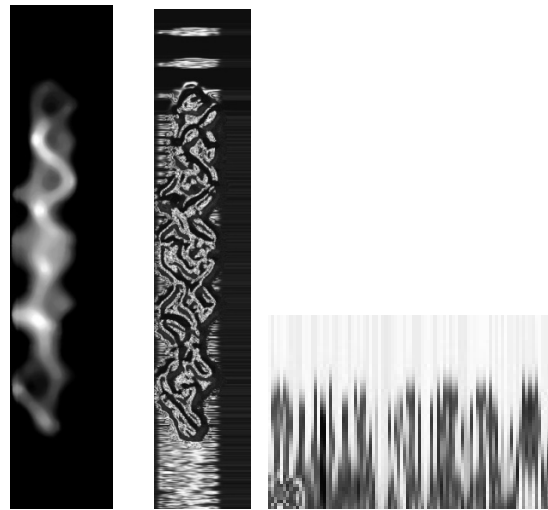
Img 5.f



Img 5.g



Img 5.h



img 5: Image of the DNA double helix

img 5.a: appearance of the electromagnetic field

img 5.b: electromagnetic field very visible

img 5.c: expansion of the electromagnetic field

img 5.d: wavelength periodic

img 5.e: Negative Image

img 5.f: sprawl in order to see the periodic phenomenon

img 5.g: Negative Image

img 5.h: emission of periodic wavelength

The DNA double helix protects it with electromagnetic field from inner and outsider attacks. This field is permeably for the RNA. That has an identic electromagnetic field of the DNA, when contacted the RNA and DNA this later is opened allowing the RNA getting into the DNA in order to realize a copy of DNA blade.

3. Conclusion

It is a derivative of publication:

(MMR system or Micro-Mass Reconstruction) that is the head publication since which we can visualize by images of electromagnetic fields existence of the organs. As well as their broadcasting of the circulating waves, this technology makes the electromagnetic field visible.

We have illustrated too, the electromagnetic field of the DNA and mentioned that no and never one in science literature the idea of the DNA electromagnetic field has been treated or revealed.

We set new theories associated with evidences & proofs through unique images.